

# Hifisonix

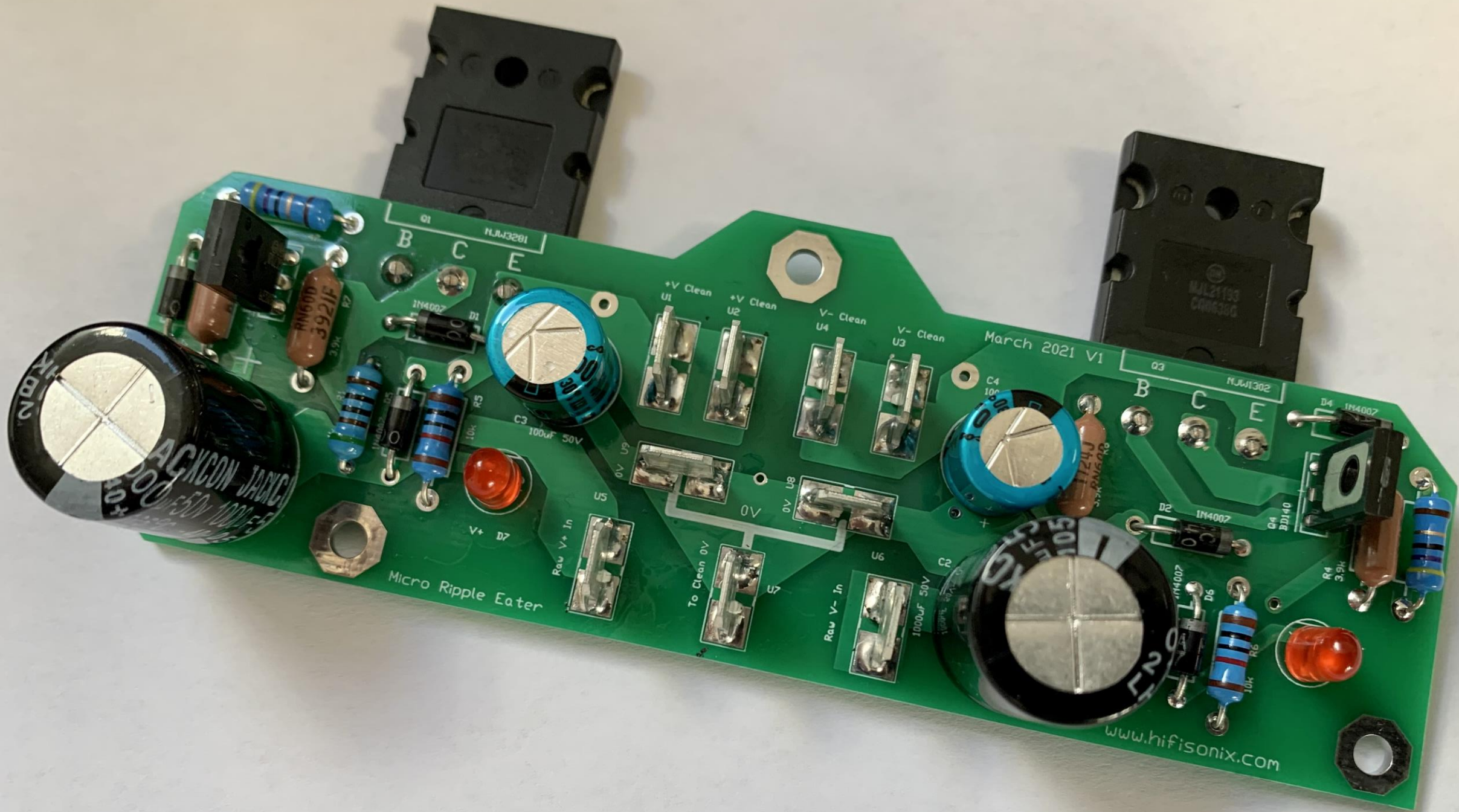
## Micro Ripple Eater aka *MRE*

A 10A Per Rail Ripple Eater for General Audio Amplifier Use

- Cheap enough to be able to use 1 per channel
- Can be used with any linear power supply
- Up to +-50V (higher voltages will require some cap voltage changes)
- 10A per rail (Requires GOOD Heatsink at these current levels!)
- 40 dB ripple attenuation up to 1kHz; Better than 50 dB up to 10 kHz
- Low component count
- Reverse bias protection
- Slow start-up: ~10 seconds from 0V to full output voltage
- Small compact PCB – easy to mount in your amp chassis

**This PCB project uses all through hole components**

**A double sided, THP silk screened PCB for the Micro Ripple Eater is available here [Micro ripple Eater PCB](#)**

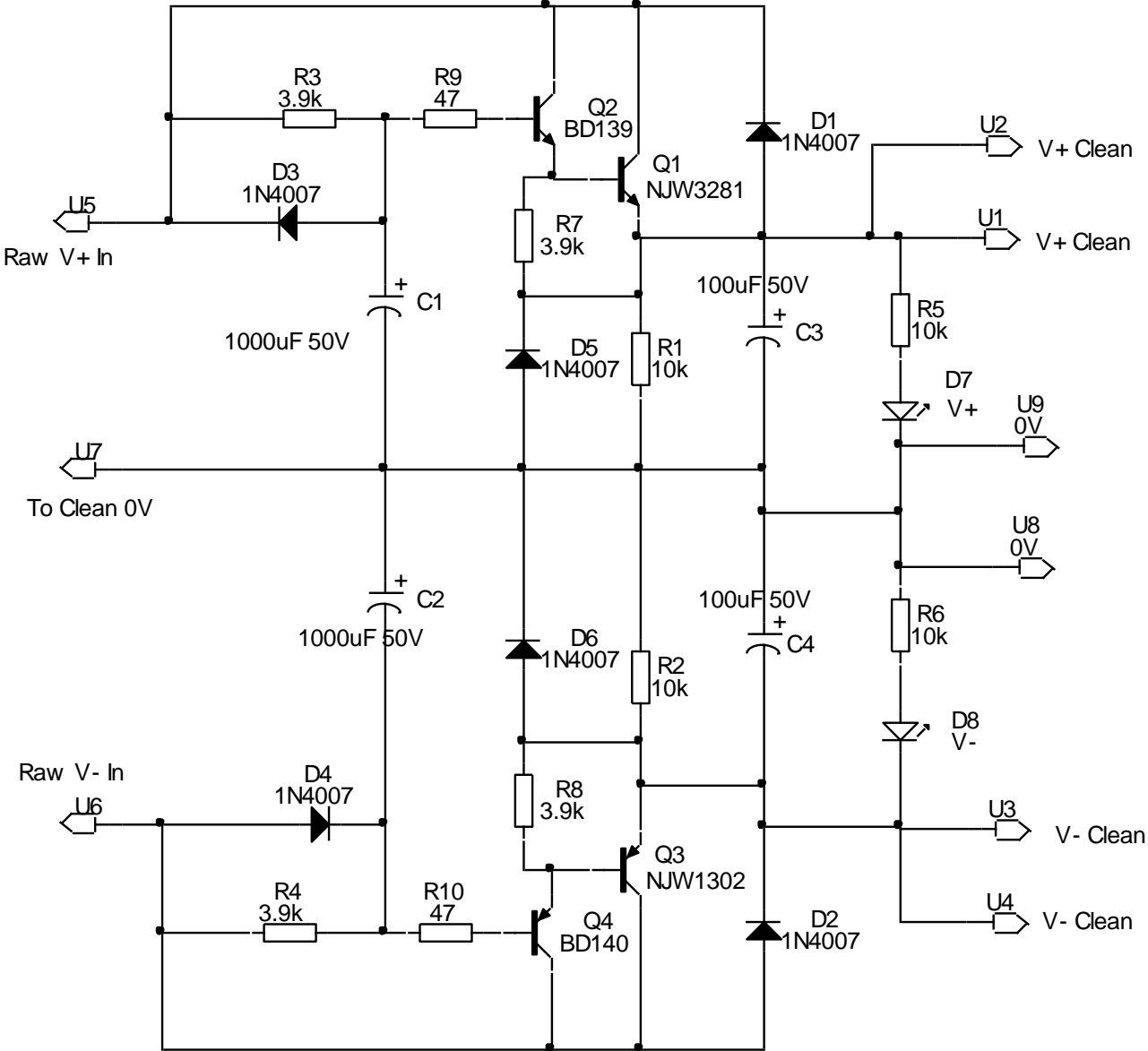


Micro Ripple Eater

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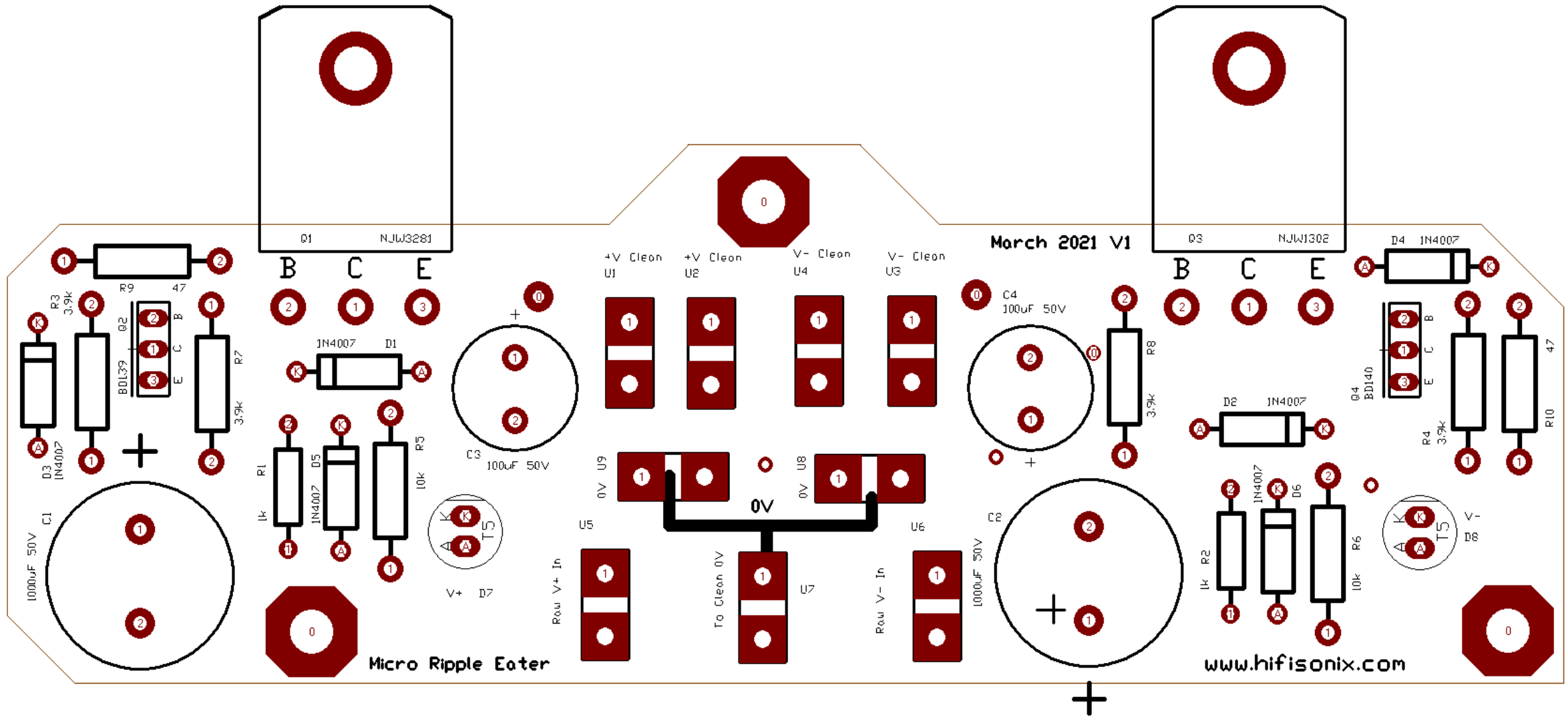
# hifisonix Micro Ripple Eater aka MRE Schematic V1

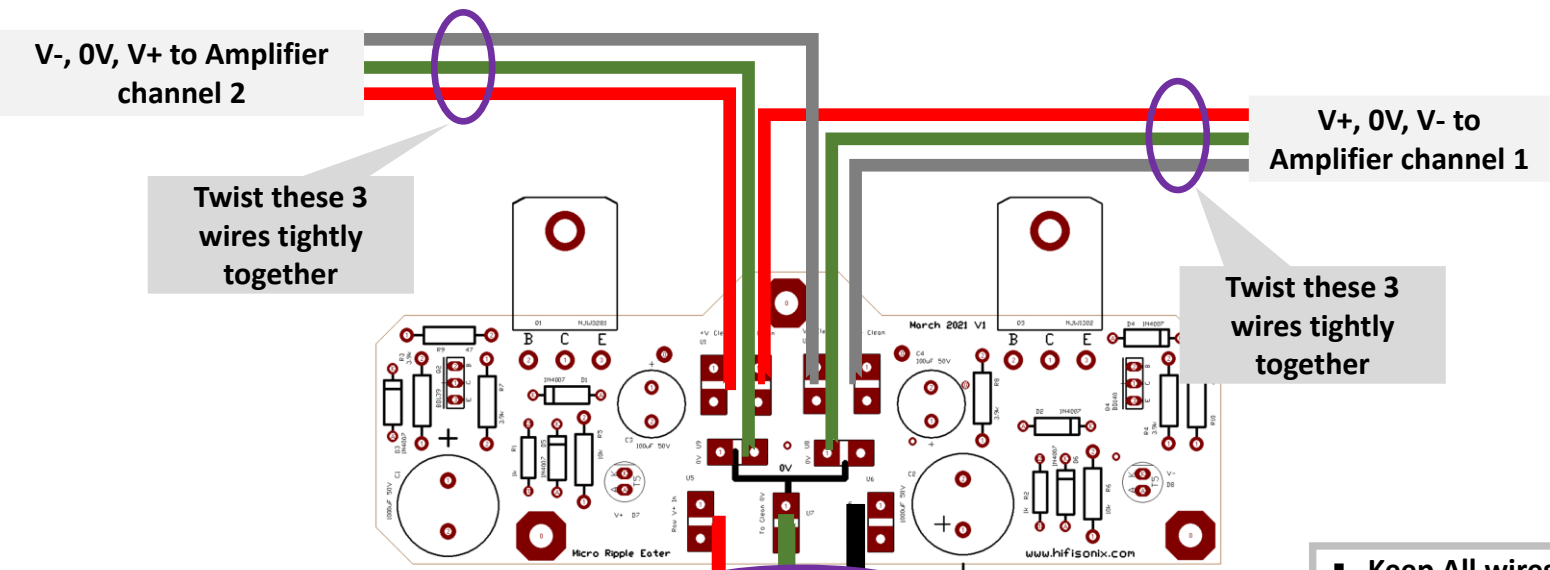
March 2021



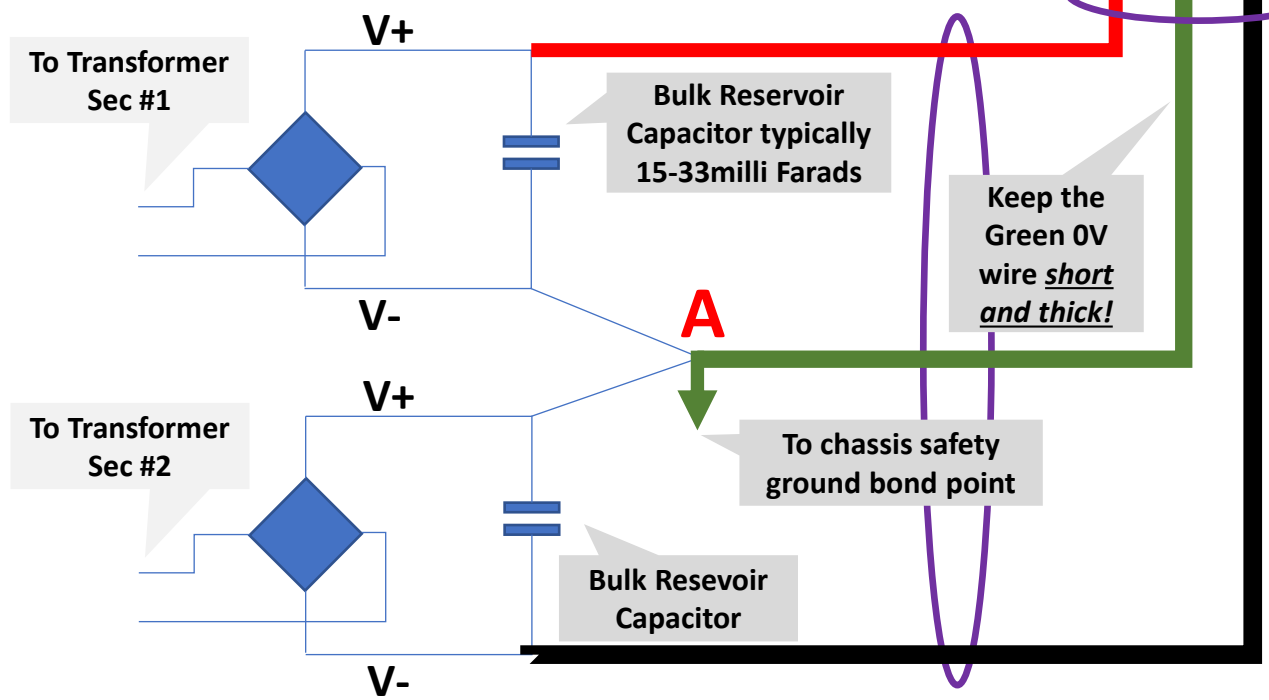
Q1-Q4 are NOT critical – for Q1 and Q3 any high power TO3P or similar can be used. I used MJL21193/4 for my build. For Q1 and Q4, any TO126 devices with a suitable Vce rating can be used.

# Hifisonix Micro Ripple Eater aka MRE PCB Layout March 2021 V1





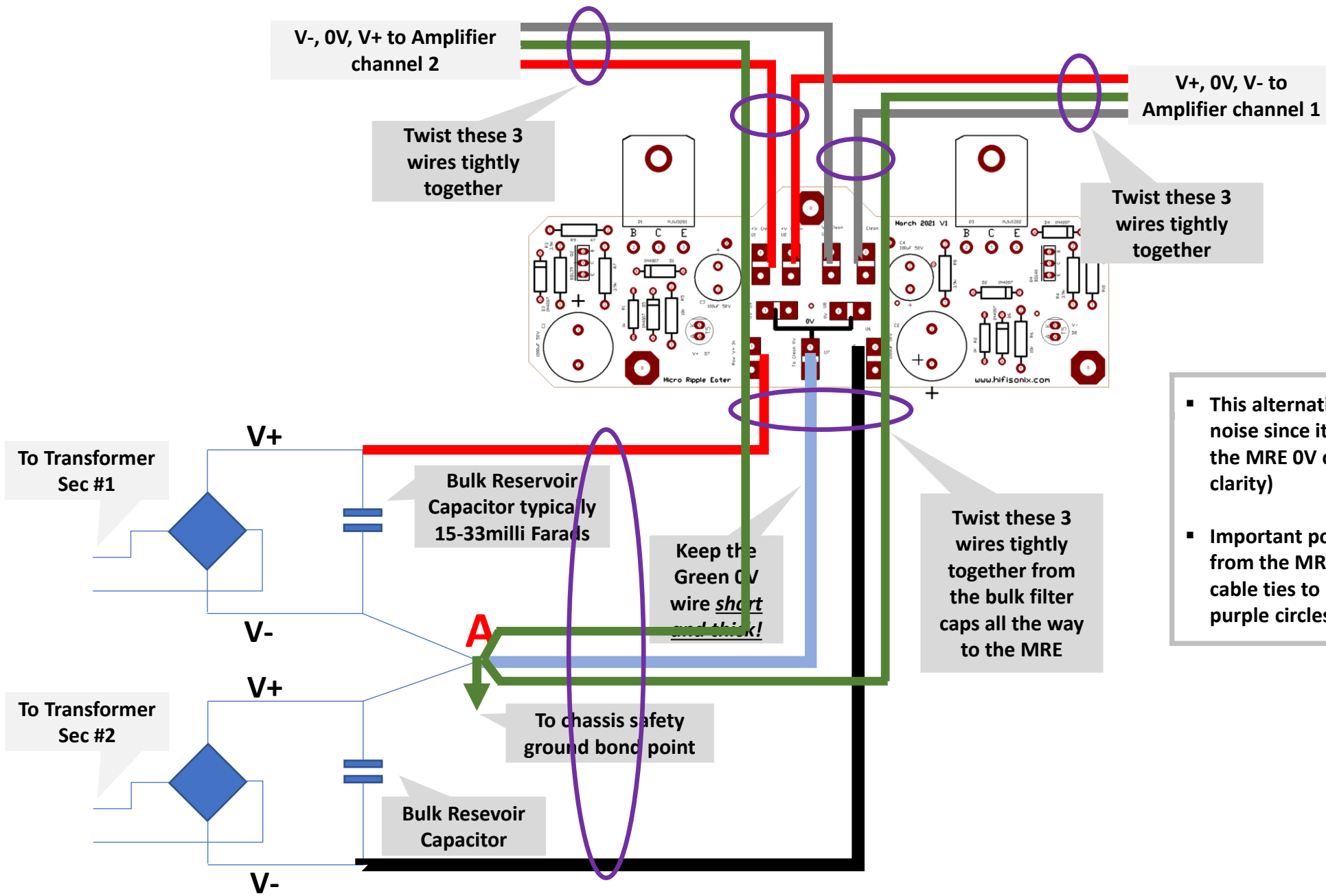
▪ Important point. Make sure ALL the wires to and from the MRE are tightly bundled together. Use cable ties to hold them in place indicated by the purple circles



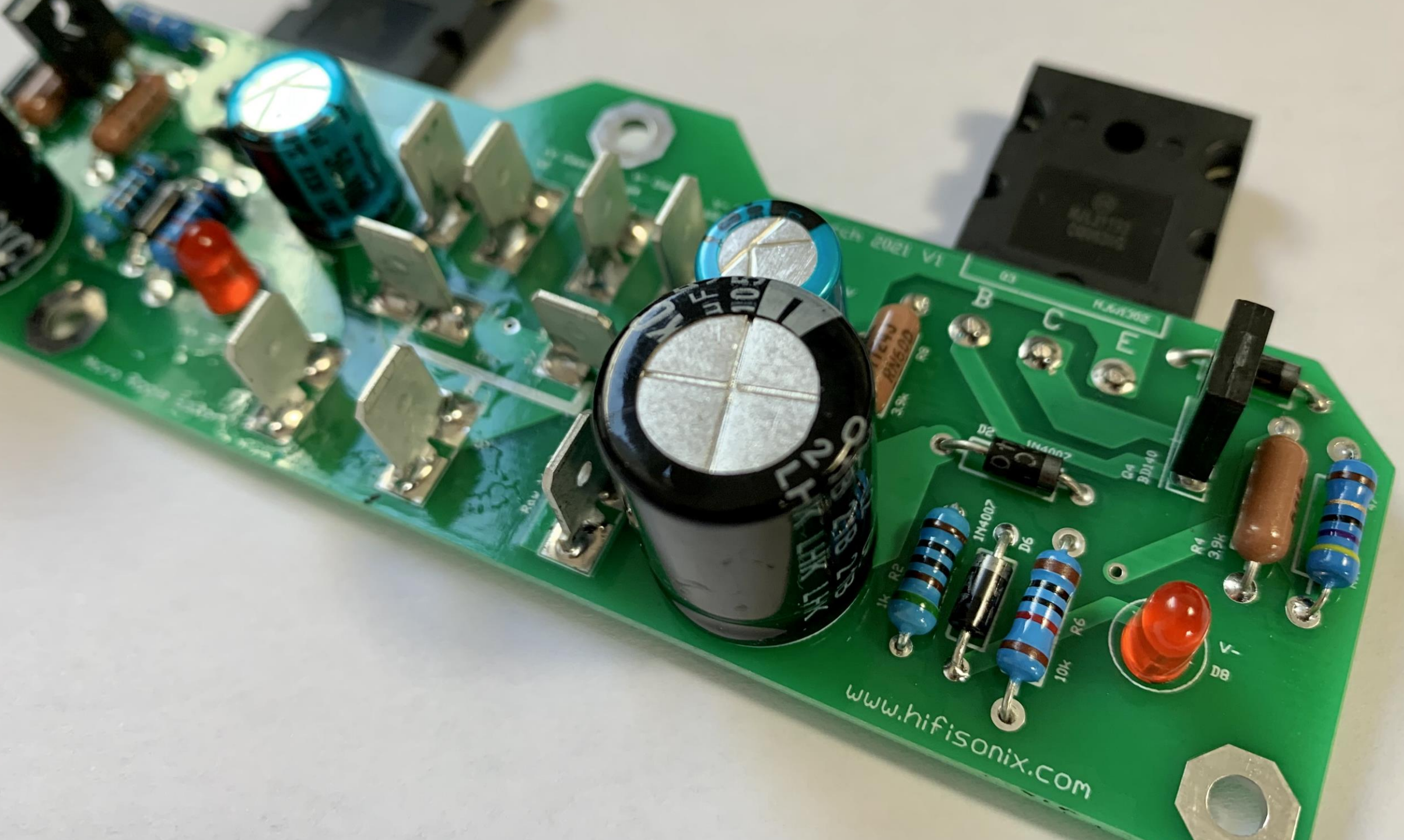
Twist these 3 wires tightly together from the bulk filter caps all the way to the MRE

- Keep All wires short and thick where possible
  - Route the speaker return back to the amp module 0V
- OR
- Route the speaker return back to the star ground by twisting it with the +, - and 0V from the MRE to the amplifier modules, go across the MRE and then twist it with the wires back to the Star Ground point marked **A**
  - Make sure the MRE is mounted on a suitable heatsink. At full power on a 2 x 100 Watt class AB amp, it will dissipate 3 Watts per series pass device
  - On a class A kx-amplifier with 1.2 amps per channel, the dissipation will be 7~8 Watts in total
  - Each series pass device (Q1 and Q3) will drop 1~2 V depending upon load current





- This alternative wiring scheme might offer loer noise since it keeps the high return currents OFF the MRE 0V connection (shown in BLUE for clarity)
- Important point. Make sure ALL the wires to and from the MRE are tightly bundled together. Use cable ties to hold them in place indicated by the purple circles ○



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2200µF 16V

1k R2

1N4007 D6

10k R6

V- DB

R4 3.9k

D2 1N4007

D4 BDI40

10k R3

B

C

E

March 2021 V1

N.647302